

ANNUAL REPORT The Humanitarian Situation of Gaza Strip

2022

Reality .. Achievements Priorities

Publication Date 2023







Report of the Humanitarian Status of the Gaza Strip 2022: Reality, Achievements, Needs

Gazze Destek Organization GDD

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About :

GDD is a non-profit humanitarian and development organization founded in 2014 in Istanbul, Turkey under registration number 34-209-183. We aim to address the humanitarian and development needs of vulnerable and refugee around the world. We strive to do this in accordance with international humanitarian principles and the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), as well as in line with the response and national development plans and officially ISO 9001:2015 certified.

We conduct thorough research on the humanitarian situation in affected areas and release reports through an annual international press conference in multiple languages. We also provide updated briefs on a monthly basis and even daily in emergencies, which are used to create a humanitarian and development response plan. These plans are developed in coordination and partnership with local and donor organizations and are implemented in a quickly and effective manner.

Additionally, we are committed to the long-term impact of our interventions. We evaluate the sustainability of our interventions using GRI standards and assess the social impact of our projects through SROI standards through published reports. This helps us identify recommendations and lessons learned that can be used to improve the design of our future interventions.

Our Vision:

A world where every human enjoys a decent, dignified, and productive life in a sustainable approach.

Our Mission:

GDD works to improve the quality of human life around the world, through humanitarian and developmental interventions that are based on Sustainable Development Goals SDGs, standards of integrity and transparency, principles of humanitarian work, and relevant local and international laws.

Our Goals:

- Contribute to the achievement of Sustainable Development Goals SDGs.
- Actively support humanitarian and development needs.
- Support the human rights of vulnerable and marginalized groups.
- Coordinate and integrate humanitarian and development efforts.
- Participate in the development of the humanitarian and development capacity building for partners in needy areas.

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Areas of Intervention:

Social Sustainability

- Decent Work Program: Providing fair and sustainable employment opportunities for vulnerable families, youth, and vulnerable groups.
- Decent Housing Program: Improving the housing environment through renovation, furnishing, and providing rental subsidies for vulnerable families and people with disabilities.
- Education Program: Improving the quality of education by supporting students and educational systems at primary and higher education levels.
- Health Care Program: Providing health services for vulnerable patients, those affected by crises and disasters, and health
 institutions that take care of them.
- Protection Services Program: Enhancing community integration and solidarity for vulnerable groups, particularly children, women, people with disabilities, and refugees.
- Food Security Program: Contribution to reducing food insecurity for vulnerable families and poor nutrition for children.
- Environmental Sustainability
- Clean Energy Program: Providing clean and sustainable energy for vital facilities (hospitals, universities, schools, water wells, ...) and vulnerable groups.
- **Clean Water Program**: Providing clean, sustainable, and safe drinking water through digging wells and building and operating water treatment stations using solar energy and other safe transport means for water.
- Clean Environment Program: Providing effective and sustainable solid, industrial, and medical waste management services through the establishment of waste collection and sorting centers and the operation of recycling and composting plants using solar energy and other renewable energy sources.

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Introduction

The suffering of the Gaza Strip continues due to Israeli occupation for 56 years and an intensified blockade for 17 years. All vital sectors (social, economic, and humanitarian) have been affected. Despite the humanitarian situation in the Gaza Strip reaching unprecedented levels of deterioration, the policy of collective punishment against the population remains steadfast. This has resulted in significant material and psychological damage to over 2.3 million people living in the Gaza Strip.

During the period of blockade, the Israeli occupation launched five destructive attacks on the Gaza Strip in the years 2008, 2012, 2014, 2021, and 2022. These attacks caused extensive human and material losses, severe shortages in essential supplies such as food and fuel, economic regression, and difficulties in accessing medical services and clean water. Additionally, a multitude of other problems have arisen due to the continuous blockade and repeated aggression on the Gaza Strip.

A team from Gaza Destek Organization has prepared this report with considerable effort. The team applied a precise scientific methodology to develop this report, drawing upon the following:

- Developing the classification of sectors and areas of the humanitarian situation through reviewing the proposed models of global sustainable development goals and adapting them to the circumstances of the Gaza Strip. This focus was placed on areas of action rather than categorical classification (youth, women, childhood, people with disabilities, etc.), as these are encompassed within these areas.
- Limiting the mention of facts and figures with reliable or official sources until the end of the year 2022, without providing commentary in this version of the report. Analysis and interpretation are left to each institution according to its methodology in analysis.
- -Listing humanitarian interventions by civil society organizations and some donor institutions in the Gaza Strip for the year 2022, based on what these institutions have published on their websites or in daily newspapers.
- -Determining the priorities of humanitarian intervention through a review of international humanitarian laws, global sustainable development goals, national development plans, and humanitarian intervention plans of international and foreign institutions.

With this report, we aim to provide a solid foundation on which to progressively build and develop with the expertise of humanitarian agencies in knowledge management and documentation. We anticipate that any experienced person in the field will contribute valuable insights to this report via the email address provided at the beginning of the report. This step is not only necessary, but also crucial in our journey to advance humanitarian efforts together.

In addition, we look forward to all relevant organizations, each in its area of expertise, using this report to take humanitarian action to alleviate the suffering of the Palestinian people in Gaza. These actions should help improve the sustainable livelihoods of the people in their own country and enable them to make Gaza the livable place it truly deserves to be.

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An overview of the humanitarian crisis in Gaza

After 55 years of occupation and 17 years of a tight siege, including four devastating attacks, the Gaza Strip has become a disaster zone. With a population of over 2.37 million people residing in 5 governorates, it has the highest population density in the world at 6,808.48people/km². The refugee rate stands at 66.1%, spread across 8 camps. The humanitarian, economic, health, and living conditions have deteriorated significantly. In 2008, the situation worsened due to continued siege and Israeli aggression in August 2022, resulting in estimated economic losses of 500 million USD. Despite these immense challenges, the people of Gaza continue to strive for a semblance of normalcy, amidst the accumulating crises that have profoundly impacted all aspects of life, leaving behind numerous human tragedies, some of which are listed below:

- Education: 399 schools operate in two shifts, the average student for each division is 38.86 students, about 409,287 poor school students, 52,973 vulnerable university students, despite this, the illiteracy rate in the sector is the lowest in the Arab world at 2%.

- Health: The annual number of medical referrals abroad is 22,123. The shortage of medicines reaches 43% and medical supplies reach 25%. The financial deficit in laboratory materials is 39%. The number of cancer patients during the period 2014-2022 amounted to 9,456 cases.

- Family: 20,429 orphans, 56,192 people with disabilities, the percentage of those of marriageable age who did not marry is 38.7%.
- Poverty: 61% (1,449,113 individuals) below the poverty line, 33.7% (800,576 individuals) in extreme poverty, 80% of households rely on aid, 68% face severe or complete food insecurity, with a per capita consumption rate of 225.95%.
- Housing: 1,841 houses still completely demolished, 87,556 houses partially destroyed and not yet repaired, 27,000 inadequate housing units in need of rebuilding, 60,000 inadequate housing units in need of renovation.
- Culture and Religion: 13 mosques remain completely destroyed, 42 mosques need rehabilitation and development, and there's
 a need for 30 new mosques.
- Sports: 83 licensed sports clubs, with 15,110 members.
- Employment: 45% overall unemployment, 73.9% youth unemployment, and 50.1% unemployment rate in refugee camps.
- Crossings: Air and sea blockade, 3 crossings completely closed, 3 crossings partially open for essential needs.
- Production: 50% decline in local output since the blockade, Gaza's economic losses due to Israeli blockade up to 2022 estimated at \$16.7 billion USD, and 65 restricted goods under the pretext of dual-use.
- Agriculture: 7,300 dunums of land confiscated due to the imposition of buffer zones and bypass roads by the occupation. 95% of fishermen live below the poverty line.
- Technology: 23.5% of households have a computer, 68.7% have a mobile phone.
- Water: 97% of water sources are contaminated, average nitrate level in groundwater is 102 mg/L, groundwater deficit in the aquifer is 100 million cubic meters, and 74% of seawater is polluted.
- Energy: Average chronic electricity cuts of 8 hours per day, electricity deficit ranges between 300-500 megawatts.
- Environmental Waste: 40% of wastewater is treated, and 115 million liters of untreated wastewater are discharged into the sea daily.

Gazze Destek Organization urges all humanitarian and donor organizations to contribute to the efforts of alleviating suffering and addressing urgent and critical humanitarian needs in this besieged region. International collaboration and cooperation are the means to achieve the desired humanitarian transformation and to alleviate the plight of individuals affected by this severe humanitarian crisis. This collective effort aims to improve living conditions for the affected population and provide opportunities for Pa lestinian individuals to live with dignity and respect.

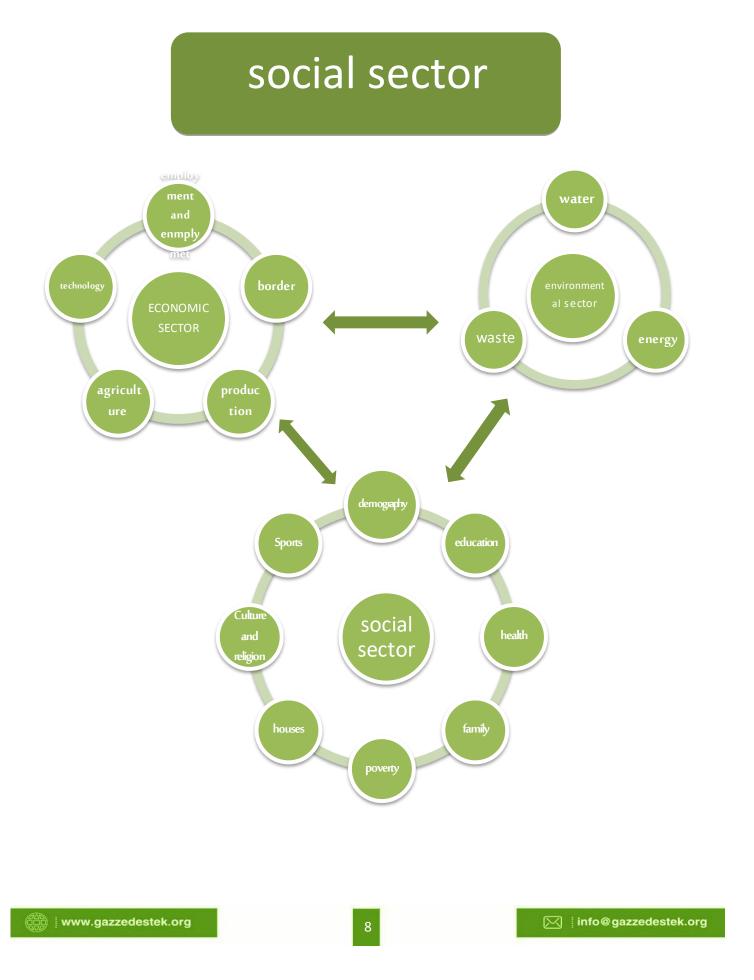
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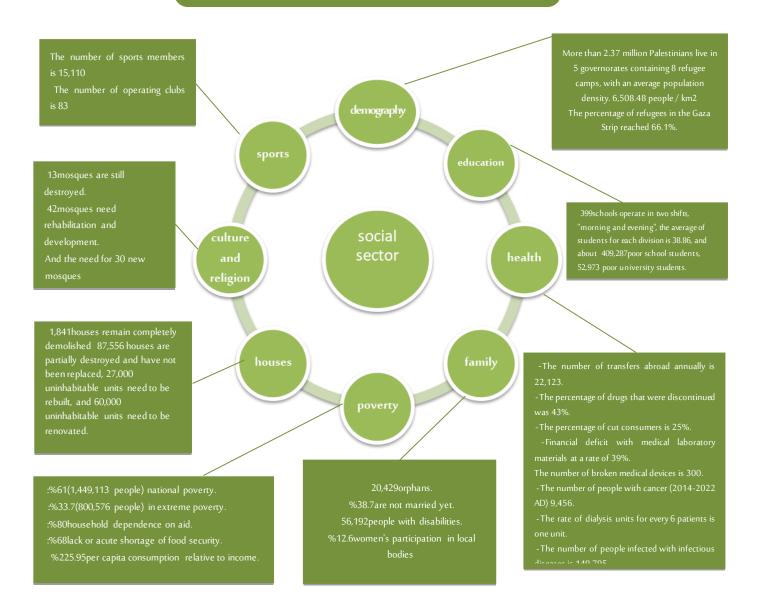
Sectors and areas of the human condition

The sectors and areas of this report have been prepared in line with the proposed models to achieve the global sustainable development goals as much as possible and in line with the environment and privacy of the Gaza Strip and its human suffering.





Social sector



The difficult humanitarian conditions in the Gaza Strip and the worsening suffering of the poor persist due to the ongoing factors, especially concerning the Israeli occupation and its violations that target economic sectors.

Al-Mezan Center for Human Rights

The Gaza Strip is the only area in the occupied Palestinian territories that has an outlet to the Mediterranean Sea, yet Israeli forces restricted sailing in it during the year 2022 within an ranging from 6 to 15 nautical miles off the coast.area

United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs

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> Demography

- Comparative key indicators

item/region	Gaza strip (1)(2)(3)	West Bank (2)(3)	West Bank & Gaza (1)(2)(3)	Inside 48 (2)(3)	Jerusalem (7)(8)	diaspora (2)(3)	Palestine (1)(2)(3)	Israeli occupation (4)(5)(6)(7)	Arab world (6) (114) (115) (113) (116)	world (6) (113) (114) (115) (116)
Population	2,375,595	2,740,582	5,116,177	1,709,811	482,064	7,191,505	14,436,815	9,714,000	456.20 million *	7.89 billion*
Population percentage	%16.02	%18.98	%35.00	%11.84	%3.33	%49.81	%100			
Area km2	365	5,660	6,025	-	345	-	27,000	22,072	11.27 <million< th=""><th>132.03^{< million}</th></million<>	132.03 ^{< million}
Population density	6,508.48	569	899	-	1,381	-	899	440.14	34.67	58.58
Growth rate	%2.8	%2.1	%2.4	%2.1	*%2.1	+%2.2	%2.4	%1.7	*%1.6	*%0.9
Average family	5.6	4.7	5	4.35	'3.9	'4	5	3.72	+4.9	+4.9
Refugee camps	8	19	27			31	27			
Refugees and displaced persons	%66.1	%23.6	%42.2	%26	'%39	%100	%68.99		%2.19	%0.5
Median age	19.4	22.3	21.1	24.5	[^] 23.8		21.1	+30.5	25.7	30

Thomas White, director of the UNRWA for Refugee Employment in the Gaza Strip

1.2" million refugees in the Gaza Strip live below the poverty line, and half of its children need psychological support".

- Statistics of the governorates of the sector

#	item/region	Northern Gaza	Gaza	Central	Khan Younes	Rafah	Gaza strip
1	Population	388,878	894,192	331,945	463,559	297,021	2,375,595
2	Population percentage	%16.37	%37.64	%13.97	%19.51	%12.50	%100
3	Area km2	61	74	58	108	64	365
4	Population density	6375.05	12083.68	5723.19	4292.21	4640.95	6508.48
5	Male	%51.05	%50.80	%50.31	%50.81	%50.46	%50.73
6	Female	%48.95	%49.20	%49.69	%49.19	%49.54	%49.27
7	Refugees Camps No.	1	1	4	1	1	8

- Age groups in the Gaza Strip (1)

	Age group in years	M	lale	fer	nale	t	otal
	Age group in years	number	Percentage	number	Percentage	number	Percentage
1	Early Childhood (0 to less than 2)	75,320	51.31%	71,486	48.69%	146,806	6.18%
2	Early childhood (2 to under 6)	123,299	51.22%	117,412	48.78%	240,711	10.13%
3	middle childhood (6 to under 13)	216,423	51.23%	206,030	48.77%	422,453	17.78%
4	Adolescent childhood (13 to under 18)	132,019	51.05%	126,564	48.95%	258,583	10.88%
5	Youth (18 to under 35)	353,294	50.80%	342,233	49.20%	695,527	29.28%
6	middle age (35 to less than 60)	242,411	50.51%	237,507	49.49%	479,918	20.20%
7	Elderly (60 and over)	62,422	47.43%	69,175	52.57%	131,597	5.54%
8	total	1,205,188	50.73%	1,170,407	49.27%	2,375,595	100.00%

Gaza is the most densely populated country in the world



> Education

International Covenant on
Economic, Social and Cultural
Rights
Global Sustainable Development
Goals
national goal

Article 13: The States Parties to this Covenant recognize the right of everyone to education. They agree that education must be directed to the full development of the human personality...to enable every person to contribute a useful role in a free society...

 $Goal \ (4): Ensure \ inclusive \ and \ equitable \ quality \ education \ and \ promote \ lifelong \ learning \ opportunities \ for \ all$

Objective (2.7): A pedagogical, higher, vocational, and technical educational system that guarantees high-quality education for all without discrimination, linked to the needs of the market and society and keeping pace with global scientific and knowledge development.

Educational reality

- Comparative basic indicators

item/	item/region		West bank (12)(10) (2)	West Bank and Gaza (2) (13)(12)(11)(1)	Israeli Occupation (6)(14)(15)(16)(17(18)	Arab world (6)	world (6)				
	Literacy Rate (for ages 15 and Above)		%97.5	%97.3	%97.8	+%73.36	+%86.68				
Illiterae	cy Rate	%2	%2.5	%2.3	%2.2	+%26.64	⁺%13.32				
Illiteracy Rate for Pe	'%29	'%35	'%32	%2.7							
Percentage of Stud	Percentage of Students Per Population			%24.8	%30.75						
School Dro	p-Out Rate	%0.7	%0.9	%0.8	%1.2						
Repetition Ra	te in Schools	%0.01	%0.15	%0.09	^{<} %0.77	^{<} %5.75	^{<} %3.14				
Student aver	age per class	38.86	15.5	31.3	+26.4						
Student avera	ge per teacher	27.67	15.5	18.5	10.8	^{<} 21	^{<} 23				
Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics	"Illiteracy rates in Palestin	"Illiteracy rates in Palestine, especially the Gaza Strip, are among the lowest in the world"									
The People's Committee to Face the Siege	"More than 50% of university students in the Gaza Strip are unable to pay university fees because of their living conditions and the lack of enough to sustain their lives at the minimum level, which forced some of them to drop out of										

The main local indicators for the Gaza Strip Number of students for the academic year 2022/2023⁽²⁾

school."

#	item	Government	UNRWA	Civil sector	private sector	total
1	kindergarten students	202	0	0	65,767	65,969
2	primary school students	177,199	293,703	0	19,038	489,940
3	secondary school students	112,204	0	0	2,850	115,054
4	intermediate diploma students	7,054	877	2,256	9,973	17,904
5	educational qualification	0	0	208	0	208
6	undergraduate students	22,330	0	30,626	10,087	63,043
7	postgraduate students	566	0	2,448	316	3,330
	Total	319,555	294,580	35,638	108,031	757,804
	Total school students	670,963	To	otal university stu	idents	86,841
Poor S	chool Students - National Poverty	409,287	,287 Poor university students - national poverty			52,973
Poor s	chool students - extreme poverty	226,114	Poor university students - extreme poverty			

%50 of UNRWA students suffer from psychological trauma due to the repeated aggression and blockade imposed on the Strip



Damages to educational institutions until the end of 2022 AD(13)

 Damages to 	Aggression 2008 Aggression 2014 Aggression					 Student Enrolment Rate(te(13)			
Damage level	Aggression 2008		n Aggression 2014		Aggression 2022	Ag	ge	%Male 96	%Female 96	Avera 96		
Severe damage		3	5	16	3	15-	-	94	94	90 94		
Medium damage	68	61	62	20	2	17-	16	93	94	94		
Light damage	90	80	120	100	2	18	}+	70	75	73		
Total	173	144	187	136	7							

The percentage of children of secondary school age who are out of school is 16.9%

- Number of Graduate Students by Degree and Gender (Male/Female) 2022⁽¹²⁾

11 /		Male	Female		Total	
Level/program	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Intermediate diploma graduates	5,016	58.58%	3,546	41.42%	8,562	34.05%
Professional diploma graduates	114	76.00%	36	24.00%	150	0.60%
Bachelor graduates	7,727	51.08%	7,399	48.92%	15,126	60.16%
Higher Diploma after Bachelor's	6	27.27%	16	72.73%	22	0.09%
Graduates of the educational qualification certificate	148	50.34%	146	49.66%	294	1.17%
Postgraduate graduates	524	53.04%	464	46.96%	988	3.93%
Total	13,535	53.83%	11,607	46.17%	25,142	100.00%

More than 50% of university students in the Gaza Strip are unable to pay university fees.

- Educat	ional Institutions ⁽¹²⁾							
	ltem		Public	UNRWA	Civil sect	or Private sector	То	tal
1	Kindergarten number		8	0	0	911	91	19
2	The number of primary schools		287	284	0	49	62	20
3	Number of secondary schools		155	0	0	16	17	71
4	Number of schools one period		240	87	0	65	39	9 2
5	The number of schools is two shifts		202	197	0	0	39	99
6	number of people		7,613	7,137	0	945	15,	695
7	Number of teachers		15,461	9,757	-	3,196	28,4	414
8	university institutions		1	2	3	4	1	0
9	Intermediate colleges and polytechnics		6	2	2	8	1	8
10	Postgraduate Academies		0	0	0	1		1
🖙 The	most important achievem	ent	s of associa	tions and s	some do	nors in educatior	n in 202	22
	Project		Pro	oject	numbe	Project		numbe
Consti	ruction and renovating of	27	Providing Comp	uters and Techn	iical 13	Projects of Uniforms,	School	49
	educational facilities		Teaching Aids		15	Bag and Books	;	49
Stud	ent sponsorship and transportation	8	Equipping a sch ce	ool or education enter	nal 32	Enhancing the quality of e	education	2
	Scholarship and training	з	Issuing Unive	rsity Certificates	. 3	Rehabilitating the skil	ls of the	2

⇒ The Most Important Areas of Intervention Required in The Field of Education

3

Equipping buildings and	Providing sponso	rship for needy stu	dents and exterr	nal grants for stab	ishing and developing v	vocationalmproving the o	quality
educational centers	postgraduate studies				and technical training centers of ed		
Providing educational	Developing and s	timulating vocational	Providing compu	ters for students to	pursue inclusion of peop	ole with disabilities in the fiel	ld of
buildings with solar energy	and techni	cal education	educationa	l activities remote	y	education	
Rehabilitation and contin	uous training of	Updating and develop	ing curricula that D	eveloping the educa	tional environment and	Building and developin	ıg
teachers and supp	oort staff	meet the needs of tl	ne labor market	providing techn	ical teaching aids	educational buildings	

Issuing University Certificates

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Scholarship and training

info@gazzedestek.org

staff

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Health

International Covenant or	Article (12): The Parties to the present Covenant recognize the right of everyone to the enjoyment of the highest
Economic،	attainable standard of physical and mental health.
Social and Cultural Rights	
Global Sustainable	Goal (3): Ensure that all people enjoy health and well-being for all ages.
Development Goals	
National Goal	Objective (3.7): A more integrated health system that provides public health and quality health services to all with equality and justice as a human right for all population groups, especially the poor and the marginalized.

\Rightarrow **Health Reality**

- Comparative basic indicators

Item / Region	Gaza Strip (22)(21)(20)(3)(2)	Westbank (21)(20)(3)(2)	West Bank & Gaza (22)(21)(20)(3)(2)	Israeli Occupation (118)(10)(76)(9)(23)(14)	Arab World (26)(24)(6) (103)	World (26)(25) (6) (118)(117)
Average life expectancy at birth	73.8	74.5	74.2	82.9	*71.99	*72.747
Number of doctors per 10,000 citizens	32.7	17.2	28.4	33	['] 10.3	['] 15.7
Numbe of nurses per 10,000 citizens	53.5	37.6	44	48	*15.6	*36.9
Numbeof hospital beds per 10,000 citizens	12.1	13.4	12.9	18	['] 13.8	28.9 [′]
Number of health care centers per 10,000 citizens	1.34	+2.17	+1.48	+0.04		
Percentage of the healthy insured	%51.56	'%66.5	'%78.9	%83.6		
percentage of people with disabilities	%3	2	%2	%18	%2	%6
fertility rate	3.32	3.8	3.8	3.1	3.1	2.3
growth rate	2.8	2.1	2.4	1.8	1.6	0.9

Main Local Indicators for Gaza Strip

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Global Health
Organization
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%20" of the population of the Gaza Strip suffers from mental health challenges due to the blockade".

Selected Indicators of Annual Life and Death (20)(22) 1 Male life expectancy at birth 72.8 Average life expectancy at birth for females 2 75 3 Number of births in the year 2022 56,175 4 Number of deaths in the year 2022 6,061 5 Mortality rate of children under one year per 1000 births 10.8 Under-five mortality rate per 100,000 inhabitants 6 13.6 Crude birth rate per 1,000 population 26.9 7 Crude death rate per 1,000 population 8 2.8 9 Maternal mortality rate per 100,000 live births 19.1 10 Diabetes mortality rate per 1000 people 2.7 11 Tumor mortality rate per 100,000 people 89 Hypertension mortality rate per 1000 patients 12 2.2 13 Cancer mortality rate per 100,000 population 91.3

No	ltem	number
1	Oncology	5,864
2	Cardiac catheterization	2,170
3	Orthopedic Surgery	1,437
4	Blood diseases	2,203
5	children	1,855
6	the eyes	1,087
7	Atomic Scan	512
8	heart disease	347
9	Neurosurgery	535
10	Pediatric surgery	61
11	General Surgery	618
12	other	5,434
	total	22,123

(www.gazzedestek.org



Annual disease indicators ⁽²²⁾

Value
105,588
149,795
9,456
%68
22,123
0.6
0.6
37.8
57.0
1
%3.5
/03.5

Indicators of the emergency health crisis (21)(27)
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indicators of the emergency health chisis					
ltem	value				
The percentage of medicines that are	%43				
completely absent from the stores of the	(224				
Palestinian Ministry of Health.	items)				
Percentage of financial deficit in laboratory materials and items	39%				
The percentage of deficit in medical disposables.	25%				
The number of broken devices in the	300				
Ministry of Health.	out of				
	6100				
Minimum monthly fuel requirement for	600				
hospital generators when the usual power	thousand				
outage schedule is regular.	liters				

Palestinian Ministry of Health

``There are 1,026 kidney patients in the Gaza Strip, and the ministry needs 30 dialysis machines annually''.

Detailed special statistics about the August 2022 war on the Gaza Strip⁽²²⁾

ltem	Value	ltem	Value
Number of martyrs	49	number of injured	360
Percentage of male martyrs	%57	Percentage of injured males	%36
Percentage of female martyrs	%8	Percentage of injured women	%22
Percentage of martyrs among children	%35	T percentage of injured children	%42
Number of health centers targeted by the occupation	2		

The most important achievements of associations and some donor institutions in the field of health in 2022

no	Project	number	Project	number	Project
115	Projects supplying medicines and medical supplies	2	Health research	27	Establishment, development and restoration of clinics and health centers
26	Utilities	8	healthy nutrition	11	Projects for conducting operations, examinations, and care for poor patients
17	psychological support	10	Scholarship and training	3	Saving projects (fuel, solar energy) for health institutions
25	Medical devices maintenance projects	42	Health parcel projects	60	Furnishing projects, medical devices and equipment, and ambulance vehides
		3	Health awareness projects	26	Sanitary packages

⇒ The most important areas of intervention required in the field of health.

Providing medical devices and equipment	Providing medicines, medical supplies, and auxiliary tools	Rehabilitation and training of health staff	
Reconstruction of destroyed hospitals	Providing (fuel, solar energy) for health institutions	Maintenance and development of broken	
		medical devices	
sponsorship of the poor patient	Medical delegations with rare specialties	Building, developing, and restoring health institutions	
Providing Covid 19 vaccines	Improving access to health services	Rehabilitation and modernization of ambulances	

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⇒ Family

international covenant on
Economic, Social and
Cultural Rights
Global Sustainable
Development Goals
National goal

Article (10): The family, which is the natural and fundamental group unit of society, must be accorded the greatest possible protection and assistance, especially for the formation of this family and throughout its development, with the responsibility of entrusting and raising the children. Marriage must be entered with the consent of the parties to which the marriage is to be coerced. Goal (2.10): Enabling and promoting social, economic, and political integration for all, regardless of age, gender

.disability, race, origin, religion, economic status or otherwise

Objective (1.7): A more comprehensive, integrated, and sustainable social protection system based on rights and gender-sensitive, to reduce poverty, marginalization and social exclusion.

⇒ Family Reality

-Indicators of marital status⁽²⁾

No	Status	Males	Females	Total
1	Never got Married	%42.7	%34.7	%38.7
2	Marriage contract for the	%56.3	%58.5	%57.4
3	divorce	%0.5	%1.7	%1.1
4	Widowed/ Separated	%0.5	%5.1	%2.8

- Persons with Disabilities Indicator ⁽²⁹⁾

No	disability	number	value
1	Visual disability	8,991	%16.00
2	Hearing disability	6,181	%11.00
3	Speech impairment	5,057	%9.00
4	Impaired mobility	26,410	%47.00
5	antic	2,810	%5.00
6	Learning difficulty	5,619	%10.00
7	spells	562	%1.00
8	other	562	%1.00
	the total	56,192	%100

-	Orphans Indicators ⁽³⁾	4)
	No	item

NO	item	value
1	number of orphans	20,429
2	male orphans	10,558
3	female orphans	9,871
4	Number of orphans with disabilities	423

Comparative Key Indicators

ltem /	Gaza Strip	Westbank	West bank and Gaza	Israeli
Region	(29)(28) (22)(2)	(29)(28)(22) (2)	(29)(28)(22)(2)	⁽³⁰⁾⁽¹⁴⁾ Occupation
Families Number	413,009	583,102	1,016,687	2,200,000
Martyrs 2006-2022	5,045	1,438	5827	-
Prisoners	200	4,400	4,600	
People with disabilities	56,192	36,518	92,710	1,685,400

 The Main Local Indicators for the Gaza Strip Gender Indicators

item	Male	Female	value
population percentage (1)	%50.73	%49.27	%100
Literacy rate for ages 15 and over (2)	%98.9	%97.1	%98
Those enrolled in basic education (2)	%50.80	%49.20	%100
Those entering secondary education (2)	%46.90	%53.10	%100
Undergraduates (12)	%44.41	%55.59	%100
Labor Force Participation Rate (2)	%61.2	%17.30	%39.40
Youth Unemployment Rate (31)	%63.60	%88.40	%73.9
Rate of exposure to violence from a family member (32)	*%39.3	*39.3%	%39.3
Participation in the Legislative Council (33)	′%86.4	′ %13.6	′%100
Participation in local bodies (33)	%87.40	%12.60	%100

 Palestinian Center for Human
 "The conditions are disastrous for needy families in the Gaza Strip, in light of the counting of the disbursement of allocations for affairs in the year 2022 ".

⇒ The most important achievements of the associations and some donor institutions in the field of the family in 2021

number	project	numbe	r project	number	project
7	Projects to sponsor families and orphans	1	Marriage facilitation projects	1	Reduction of violence
6	Field studies and surveys	9	Protecting women's rights	4	Building community centers for orphans
2	Building shelters for women	11	Awareness and promotion of human rights	3	and people with disabilities

⇒ The Most Important Areas of Intervention Required in Family Sector

Eliminate all forms of violence	Establishment, development, and restoration of Providing in-kind and cash assistance to marginalize	
	social centers	society (orphans - the poor - people with disabilities)
Enhancing the role of women and	Developing appropriate integrated social protection	n Facilitating marriage and raising awareness of marital life
protecting their rights	systems	management
roviding care for martyrs, injured soldiers, Rehabilitation of persons with disabili		r Facilitating the marriage of widows, divorcees, spinsters, and
prisoners, and their families	integration into society	people with disabilities

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⇒ Poverty

International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights	Article (11): The Parties to the present Covenant recognize the right of everyone to an adequate standard of living for himself and his family, including adequate food, clothing, and housing, and to the continuous improvement of living conditions. The states parties will take appropriate steps to ensure the realization of this right, recognizing to this effect the essential importance of international co-operation based on free consent.
Global Sustainable 2030 Development Goals	Goal (1): Eradicate poverty in all its forms everywhere
The National Goal	Objective (10.1.7): To systematically and gradually move the philosophy of combating poverty from reliance on relief programs to reliance on development interventions by strengthening the linkages between humanitarian

⇒ Reality of poverty

- Comparative Key Indicators

Item / Region	Gaza Strip (39)(35)(34)(2)	West bank (36) (2)	^{(25) (22)} Palestine	Israeli Occupation (37) (6)	^{(106) (38)} Arab World	⁽⁶⁾ world
People Below the National Poverty Line	%61	*%14	ʻ%29.20	%27.8	%35	%34.22
Extreme Poverty	['] %33.70	['] %5.80	['] %16.80	%16.90	%13.4	%9.20
The family's dependence on aid	%80	^{<} %34.20	<%53.10	%22.6		
Families receiving aid during the year	r <%68.6	^{<} %9.7	≪%31.1	%38.60		

- The Main local Indicators for the Gaza Strip

Director of UNRWA in Gaza	"1.2 million refugees in the Gaza Strip live below the poverty line."
Euro-Mediterranean Centre	"More than half of the population of the Gaza Strip has become poor as a result of the Israeli blockade imposed on the Strip for more than 16 years."

		 Conditions of poor families (34) 	
Food insecurity or acute shortage ⁽³⁴⁾	%68	ltem	value
dependency rate ⁽³⁾	+%78.60		0/ 74
Average per capita income per month in US dollars ⁽²⁾	307	Percentage of refugees in poor families	%71
Average household expenditure and consumption pe	r	Number of poor families headed by women	32,527
month in US dollars ⁽³⁴⁾	693	Percentage of poor households headed by women	%54
Percentage of household dependence on aid	%80	The number of poor families headed by widows	13,997
Percentage of households that can survive		Percentage of children in poor families	%50.2
economically, regardless of the length of the period	⁺ %21.20	The number of poor families headed by an elderly person	23,224
(39)		The percentage of the elderly in the Gaza Strip who live in poor families	%50.1
Number of families covered by the social protection	77,838	Percentage of heads of poor families who suffer from at least one chronic disease	%55.70
program ⁽³⁴⁾		Heads of poor families who are people with disabilities	20,053
Number of families that need to be included in social	9,663	The percentage of heads of poor families whose educational level is less than secondary	%78.70
protection programs (34)	_,		
Per capita consumption to income ratio (34)	%225.95	The percentage of illiteracy among heads of poor families	%11.80

Numb	er Project	No	item	National Poverty	Extreme
23	Blankets Projects			Line ⁽³⁴⁾	Poverty ⁽³⁴⁾
33	projects to distribute Meat, meal, bread and water	1	Number of Poor	1,449,113	800,576
27	1)	2	Poverty ratio	%61	33.7%
27	Cash assistance projects	3	Number of Poor Families	251,936	139,184
5	Debt repayment projects	4	Poor Children	651,817	360,102
86	Seasonal projects: sacrifices, clothing, breakfasts	5	Poor school Students	412,102	226,114
120	Food Baskets and Vouchers Projects	6	Poor University Students	51,535	29,178

⇒	The most important achievements of the associations and some donor institutions in the field of poverty in 2021
⇔	The most important areas of intervention required in the field of poverty.

Small-medium scale projects leading businesses		Online working opportunities		
social inclusion and provision	Providing job opportunities for marginalized groups	ups Economic and social empowerment of the poor and marginalized groups		
Aid coordination automation	Payment of debts/financial receivables	Enhancing the role of business incubators and entrepreneurial projects		

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The Humanitarian Situation Report of the Gaza Strip Reality ... Achievements ... Needs

Housing and infrastructure

International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights	Article (2/2): The right of individuals, as well as families, to obtain adequate housing, regardless of age, economic status, affiliation to a group or other, or social status and other such factors.
Global Sustainable Development Goals	Article (8): The right of all people to have a safe place to live in peace and dignity.
national goal	Objective (5.8): A housing sector that meets the security of legal tenure, is adequate, affordable, provides access to public services and meets the needs of citizens with greater efficiency and effectivenessespecially for poor and marginalized families

→ Housing Reality

Comparative Key Indicators

No	Item / Region	Gaza Strip (46)(45)(44)(43)(40)(39)(2)	West bank (46)(45)(44)(39)(2)	West Bank & Gaza Strip (46)(45)(44)(43)(40)(39)(2)	Israeli Occupation (47)(42) (41)(26)(14)
1	Number of housing units	334,710	742,363	1,077,073	2,902,313
2	Average housing density (person per room)	1.7	1.4	1.5	0.79
3	Average housing (3 or more people per room)	8.9	5.2	6.6	2.94
4	The average number of rooms in the dwelling	3.6	3.6	3.6	1.35
5	Providing homes with potable water	%10	'%94.70	'%59.10	*%99
6	Connecting communities to the electricity grid	%`99.9	`%99.9	`%99.9	*%100
7	Homes are connected to the water network	%92	%84.10	%89.20	
8	Connection of communities to the sewage network	%`83.50	`%38.40	`%53.90	*%94
9	Families need of housing units during the next decade	15,000	150,000	165,000	223,000
10	Existence of solid waste collection service	%95	`%99.88	%`99.89	

- The Main Local Indicators for the Gaza Strip⁽⁴⁰⁾

General Manager of Damage Inventory "We have a gap of 15,000 affected people, which is approximately \$12 million".

The main local indicators for the Gaza $\mathrm{Strip}^{(40)}$

No	Item	Value (Number or Percent)	
1	Houses inadequate for human habitation	27,000	
2	Inadequate homes in need of renovation	60,000	
3	Number of Houses still destroyed until2020	89,397	
4	Percentage of Households who Own House	%78	
5	Percentage of families living in rented accommodation	%6.8	
6	Percentage of Households Living in an accommodation (independent room, tent, others)	%15.2	
7	Proportion of households living in a House	%45.3	
9	Proportion of households living in an apartment	%53	
10	Percentage of roadworthy roads	%45	
11	Percentage of roads requiring repair and rehabilitation	%93.7	
12	New roads requiring construction and paving	%93./	

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Destroyed and Damaged Housing Unit's due to Israeli Attacks During the Siege Period ⁽⁴⁰⁾

Damaga itomg	remaining from	2014	After 2014 to	Aggression	Aggression	Siege in
Damage items	before 2014	aggression	2021	2021	2021	general
Number of destroyed houses	797	10,979	273	1,689	37	13,775
Number of houses still destroyed	189	786	212	618	36	1,841
Number of reconstructed houses	608	10,193	61	1,071	1	11,934
Number of partially damaged houses	13000	162789	3416	60,626	1,715	241,546
number of partially affected housing	13,000	59,201	3,001	11,054	1,300	87,556

Economic"The massive destruction of the Gaza Strip in the Israeli aggression requires urgent Arab and
international action to rebuild the Strip, especially housing facilities and infrastructure".

- Construction Sector in Palestine ⁽²⁾

	ltem	value
1	Number of institutions	*669
2	Number of employees	8,3701
3	Construction productivity (in million dollars)	181.9
4	Expenditure on construction of new buildings and additions (in million dollars)	86.9
5	value of expenditure on ongoing maintenance (in million dollars)	' 276.6
6	Value of expenditure on capital maintenance (in million dollars)	' 496.7
⇔ Most Im	portant Achievements of Associations and Some Donor Institutions in th	ne Housing Sector
During 20	022	

During 2022					
Project	number	Project	numbei	Project	number
Building Projects for the Poor	2	Restoration of Poor Houses	225	Furnishing and Equipping Projects of Poor Houses	17
Reconstruction Project	2	House roofing and rehabilitation projects	5	Establishing and rehabilitating public institutions	92
Road rehabilitation and development	40	Rental projects for those affected	2		

	The Most Important Areas of Intervention Required in the housing sector						
	Renovating and Furnishing Poor and	Providing adequate housing for poor	Restoration and furnishing of unsuitable				
	inadequate houses	families	housing for the poor				
	Supporting local building materials industries	Establishing basic infrastructure	Connecting housing to the public services				
	supporting to car banding match als moust les	networks	network				
	Street expansion and development	Supplying homes of the poor with	Develop marginalized and unplanned areas				
	Successful sion and development	alternative energy					
	Restoration and rehabilitation of partially	Community of comitor buildings	Rental allowance for cases of total				
	damaged housing units	Construction of service buildings	demolition				

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> Culture and Religious Affairs

entreisa sectaration of	Article (18): Everyone has the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion; this right includes freedom to change his religion or belief.
Giobal Sustainable	Article (27): Everyone has the right freely to participate in the cultural life of the community, to enjoy the arts and to share in scientific advancement and its benefits.
National Goal	Goal (4.11): To promote efforts to protect and preserve the world's cultural and natural heritage.

⇒ The reality of culture and religious affairs

- Cultural Indicators

The media office of the	"The losses of the cultural, religious and sports institutions sector due to the aggression on
government in the Gaza Strip	the Gaza Strip in May 2021 were estimated at 13.5 million US dollars".

No	Item / Region	Gaza strip (51)(48)(2)	West bank (52)(48)(2)	West Bank & Gaza Strip (52)(51)(48)(2)	Israeli Occupation (54)(53)(14)
1	Number of operating cultural centers	76	508	58	*1,000
2	Number of operating museums	5	27	32	200
3	Number of operating theaters	3	14	17	*64
4	The number of operating cinemas	0	3	3	51
5	Number of cultural activities practiced by cultural centers	1,901	5,700	7,601	8,500,000
6	Number of participants in cultural activities	219,000	369,000	588,000	2,274,995
7	Number of plays shown	0	346	346	446
8	Number of viewers for the plays shown	0	43,000	43,000	2,194,522
9	Number of museum visitors	65,000	200,000	265,000	7,000,000*
10	Issues of local newspapers	2	5	7	831
11	Number of radio stations	23	41	64	*97
12	Numbers of local TV stations	1		10 11	*8

Indicators of Religious Affairs

Mosques and Churches

No	item/region	Gaza strip (55)	West bank (59)(57)(55)	West Bank and Gaza strip ⁽⁵⁹⁾⁽⁵⁷⁾⁽⁵⁵⁾	Israeli Occupation ⁽⁶⁰⁾⁽⁶¹⁾⁽⁶³⁾
1	Percentage of Muslims	%99	%98.38	%99.108	%18
2	Percentage of Christians	%1	%1.62	%0.89	%2
3	Number of Mosques	1,230	2,386	3,616	^{<} 400
4	Number of still destroyed mosques	13		13	
5	The need for new mosques	30		30	
6	The number of mosques that need rehabilitation and development	42		42	
7	Numbers of churches	3	-159	-162	^{<} 50

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The Holy Quran and Sunnah for the Year 2022 ⁽⁵⁶⁾

No	Item	Gaza strip
1	Number of Quran memorizers from Quran memorization camps	1,197
2	Number of proven memorizers of the Qur'an	2,157
3	Number of Quran memorizers who heard the Quran in one sitting	701
4	The number of licensees with the connected bond	277
5	The average number of memorization students	40,000
6	Number of graduates of recitation and intonation courses	78,985
7	The number of honorable hadith memorizers	2,381
8	Number of graduates of the Prophet's Sunnah courses	145,035
9	The number of people who have heard the books of the Prophetic Sunnah in one session	97

⇒ The Most Important Achievements of Associations and Some Donor Institutions in the Culture and Religious Affairs sector During 2022

project	number	project	numbei	project	number
Building and restoring a religious facility	7	Equipping a cultural or religious center	13	Reconstruction of religious institutions	2
Restoration and maintenance of historical sites and artifacts	3	Building and restoring religious facilities	6	Guarantee of keepers and keepers and advocates	1
Religious cultural awareness and guidance	9	Cultural promotion in the community	5	Guided visits to archaeological sites	1

\Rightarrow The Most Important Areas of Intervention Required in the Culture and Religious Affairs Sector

Spread Awareness and Religious Education	Support and care for creative and talented peopl	e Complete reconstruction.
Developing and updating public Libraries with Books and References	Guarantee Religious Students, Teachers and Preachers	Restoration and rehabilitation of archaeological areas.
Equipping and furnishing cultural and religious centers	The establishment of cultural and religious centers	Restoration of ancient churches and mosques.

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> Sport

Universal Declaration of	Principle (4): Practicing sports is a human right. Everyone should have the possibility to play sport, without discrimination of any kind
Human Rights	and in the spirit of the Olympic Games, which requires mutual understanding in the spirit of friendship, solidarity, and fair play.
Global Sustainable Development Goals	Goal (3): Sport contributes to well-being regardless of age, gender, or race. Everyone enjoys it, and its range is unparalleled. Such initiatives raise awareness about the plight of young refugees and are fully aligned with the Sustainable Development Goals, particularly with regard to health.
national goal	Objective (5): Palestinian youth, male and female, are more able to participate in the labor market, social, political and sports events,

⇒ Reality of sports

- Comparative basic indicators

No	item/region	⁽⁶³⁾⁽²⁾ Gaza strip	⁽²⁾ West bank	⁽²⁾ West Bank and Gaza strip
1	number of clubs	83	363	446
2	Youth centers	12	112	124
3	women's clubs	-	4	4
4	Number of stadiums/gym halls	2	14	16

-The number of sports facilities damaged in _ Local Indicators (63)

previ	ious Israeli attacks ⁽⁶³⁾		No	ltem	number
No	damaged sports facilities	number	1	Number of licensed sports clubs	71
1	Stadiums and gyms	20	2	Number of members of sports clubs	15,110
2	Sports clubs that have been affected	10	3	The number of active sports federations	32
3	Sports federations and committees	5			

Supreme Council for Youth and SportsReopening sports clubs completely after the epidemiological situation stabilizes in 2021

- The number of sports clubs in the governorates of the sector and the number of their members (63)

no	Governorate	Number of clubs	Mer	Members	
		Number of clubs	male	female	
1	North Gaza	10	1,100	110	
2	Gaza strip	34	5,500	1200	
3	The center	19	1,850	550	
4	Khan Younes	10	1300	600	
5	Rafah	10	2,500	400	
	Total	83	12,250	2,860	

⇒ The most important achievements of the associations and some donor institutions in the field of sports in 2022

Project	number	Project	number
Establishment and development of clubs and stadiums	3	Providing safe parks and play areas	14
Providing sports equipment	4	Camps and recreational trips	21
Providing sports tools and equipment	2	Providing games and entertainment bags	11

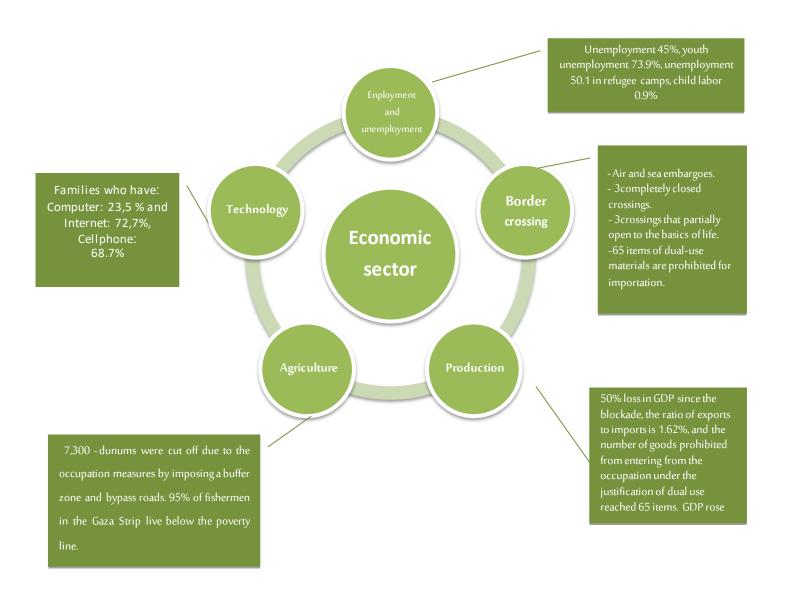
⇒ The most important areas of intervention required in the field of sports.							
Establishing stadiums	Gym maintenance						
and racing arenas	sports missions abroad						
Building an integrated	Training and rehabilitation of coaches and	Promote and develop the mental and					
sports stadium	referees	physical growth of children and adolescents					
	Establishment of covered gyms						

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1



Economic Sector



"The losses of the Gaza Strip as a result of the blockade have reached nearly 17 billion since 2007 until now".

Report on United Nations Trade and Development UNCTAD

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> Employment and unemployment

International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights	Article (7) Everyone has the right to work, to free choice of employment, to just and favorable conditions of work and to protection from unemployment. Article (6): Measures shall include the right to provide technical and vocational guidance and training programs.
Global Sustainable Development Goals	Goal (8): To promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all.
National Goal	Objective (5): Establish stronger foundations for an independent and equitable national economy and achieve sustainable development that will provide decent employment opportunities for citizens and improve their productivity.

Unemployment and Employment Reality

item/region	Gaza strip (31)	Westbank (64)(31)	Palestine (64)(31)	Israeli Occupation (71)(70)(69)(68)(65)(14)	Arab Region (107) (66)(6)	Internationally (107) (67)(6)
Participation in the workforce	%39.4	%47.5	%45	%64.1	46%	60%
General unemployment rate	%45	%13.1	%24.4	%3.6	10.7%	5.8%
Youth unemployment rate	73.9%	%29.8	48.5%	%17.60	24.8%	15%
Median daily wage in US dollars	11.85	33.14	30.77	118.21		
child labor rate	%0.9	%3.8	%2.5	*%9	<15	<25.36
Unemployment in refugee camps	%50.10	%21.20	%35.50		13.6%	9.6%
Unemployment rate among youn graduates	g %46.7	%18.20	%30.70	%47.40		
Self-employed workers	%14.8	%21.8	%17.4	° 10%		
Employed in the private sector with	a 115,600	56,300	171,900			
wage less than the minimum wag (\$400) and their wage rate in US \$		522	312.5			
Volunteer work	%0.6	%0.3	0.4	+%22		
General Federation of Palestinian Trade "The conditions of the workers of the Gaza Strip are on a hot plate,						ot plate,

Unions in the Gaza Strip

"The conditions of the workers of the Gaza Strip are on a hot plate, warning of a humanitarian disaster"

Comparative Key Indicators

- Distribution of Labor by Economic Activity in the Gaza Strip (31)

No	ltem	Percentage
1	Agriculture, fishing, and forestry	%6.8
2	Mining, quarrying, and manufacturing	7.5%
3	Building and Construction	5.4%
4	Trade, hotels, and restaurants	22.1%
5	Transport, storage, and communications	8.4%
6	Other services and branches	49.8%
	total	100%

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- Main Local Indicators for Gaza Strip
- Employment and Unemployment index

Participation in the Workforce ⁽⁶⁴⁾

general unemployment rate⁽³¹⁾

Unemployment Rate among youth ⁽³¹⁾

Participation in the youth workforce⁽⁶⁴⁾

Percentage of individuals 15 years and over who are

enrolled. In vocational training courses during 2022 ⁽⁶⁴⁾ The percentage of youth (15-24) is not in

Work and Education/Training⁽⁶⁴⁾

Employment index in society sectors ⁽³¹⁾

ltem	Percentag
Public sector employees in Gaza (Ramallah government).	%37
Public sector employees (Gaza strip).	/0.5/
private sector employees	%55
Civil sector employees	%8
Total	%100

 child labor ⁽⁶⁴⁾
 %1.7
 %0.2
 %0.9

 > The Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic on Economic Institutions in Palestine ⁽⁷²⁾

%61.2

%39.1

68%

%63.4

%1

%34.5

%17.3

%67

%20.5

%0.4

%38.4

%88.40 73.9%

39.4%

%45

%41

%0.7

%36.4

The impact of the COVID-19 Fandemic of Economic institutions in Falestine							
item	Gaza strip	Westbank	Palestine				
Institutional closing rate	%27	%92	%71				
The number of unemployed	203,200	118,200	321,400				
Decreased participation in the workforce	%35	%41	-				
Decrease in the number of workers in the local market	%17	%8	-				

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The Relative Distribution of Workers by Gender and Occupation ⁽⁶⁴⁾

Item	Males	Females	Value
Legislators and senior management staff	%2.00	%3.8	%2.30
Technicians, specialists, assistants, and clerks	%29.3	%75.2	%38.7
Service workers and market vendors	%26.3	%10.6	%23.3
Skilled workers in agriculture and fishing	%1.7	%1.7	%1.7
Craftsmen and other professions	%11.2	3.7%	%10.1
Machine operators and collectors	%9.2	%0.0	%8.8
elementary occupations	%19.7	%5	%15

➡ Employment and unemployment 2022: The most important achievements of the associations and some donors

	Project	number	number Project		Project	number
	Temporary employment	7	technical training projects	20	Small businesses	27
	Insurance for employees	11				
⇔	The Most Important	Areas of Interv	ention Required in the F	ield of Employ	yment and Unen	nployment

Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises	Entrepreneurship	Online work	Use technology to create new jobs
Business Incubators and Accelerators	Temporary employment	Vocational and Technical Training	Use technology to create new jobs
Business Incubators and Accelerators	Integration of gra	duates into the labor market	Providing occupational safety tools

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Crossings

Universal Declaration of
Human Rights
Global Sustainable
Development Goals
National goal

Article (13): Everyone has the right to freedom of movement and residence within the borders of each state.

Goal (17): Enhancing means of implementation and revitalizing the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development.

Objective (1.8): The system of transport and road networks should be more secure and effective according to international standards and integrated with the Arab and international network.

Status of Land Crossings in Gaza Strip 2022 ^{(74) (73)}

Item / Region	Kerem Abu Salem	Rafah	Beit Hanoun	Almentar	Alawda	Alshejaeia
Total incoming trucks	79,638	38,003				
Total outgoing trucks	5,809	1,697				
Total trucks exported to the West Bank	3,350	-				
The number of departing individuals	-	144,899	424,417	011	2008	2007
The number of people arriving	-	133,764	414,646	Closed since 2011	Closed since 9/2008	since 2007
The number of individuals referred or rejected	-	5,476	-	sed s	ed sir	ed si
The number of incoming fuel trucks	3,480			Clo	Clos	Closed
Amount of fuel (in million liters)	161.5	159.88				
Amount of cooking gas (in million kg)	29.11	62.8				
Closing rate (including holidays)	%50.83	%39.45				

- Air and Maritime Crossings Status

Gaza

a International Airport	The airport was destroyed, while the Gaza Strip was kept under a no-fly zone, in clear violation of the Oslo Accords.
	The construction of the Gaza Sea port was not completed in clear violation of the Oslo Accords, and the Strip was
Gaza sea port	placed under a maritime traffic embargo. All international aid ships were prevented from reaching Gaza starting from
	1/12/2008, and fishermen are also prohibited from sailing for more than (6-15) nautical miles.

- A comparison between the goods entering and the needs of the Gaza Strip for basic building materials 2022 (73)

	Item / Ton	Amounts received	Needs	Shortage	Covering
1	Gravel	1,654,603	36,000,000	34,345,397	4.82%
2	Iron	103,298	6,000,000	5,896,702	1.75%
3	Cement	462,899	18,000,000	17,537,101	2.64%

- Health Conditions of Beit Hanoun Crossing" Erez" 2022

no		Order status	Number	No	Order status	Number		
1	Requests for permits for treatment at		20,364	5	Deferred requests "under study"	5,056		
2	2 the Israeli occupation or the West Bank		5,947	6	Rejected applications for reasons related to escorts	62		
3	3 Rejected permit requests		234	7	Applications rejected for other reasons	577		
4 Rejected permit for security reasons		cted permit for security reasons	867					
United I	United Nations The Economic and Social Council of the United Nations called for the full opening of the border crossings leading to the Gaza Strip,							
Economic and the lifting of all strict restrictions imposed on the movement of the Palestinian people, and			nent of the Palestinian people, and the guarantee of fre	e movement o				
Social C	Social Council people and goods throughout the occupied Palestinian territory, including East Jerusalem, and to and from the outside world.							

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Total Items Incoming in Truck Loads Through Gaza Strip Border Crossings 2022⁽⁷⁴⁾

	Classification		Number of trucks		Tetel
ĥ	Classification	Rafah Crossing	Karam abu salam Crossing	Beit Hanoun Crossing	Total
1	Building materials	2,611	6,161	0	8,772
2	construction work	22,155	22,767	0	44,922
3	animal feed	145	7,228	0	7,373
4	food products	5,117	21,437	0	26,554
5 N	on-edible consumer products	991	6,093	0	7,084
6	cleaning equipment	121	1,450	0	1,571
7	Livestock feed	748	708	0	1,456
8	Electricity supplies	200	5,079	0	5,279
9	agricultural supplies	35	1539	0	1,574
10	Medical Supplies	72	502	0	574
11	Educational supplies	48	335	0	383
12	Packaging Materials	110	778	0	888
13	cars	2	6	0	8
14	technology	0	16		16
	total	32,355	74,099	0	106,454

⇒ The most important achievements of the associations and some donor institutions in the field of crossings 2022

project number		project	number	project	number
Lobbying and advocacy	Multiple	Ships to break the blockade	0		
Development and rehabilitation of crossings	2	Providing tools and devices for crossings	1	Running convoys to break the blockade	2

\Rightarrow The most important areas of intervention required in the field of crossings.

Running ships and convoys to break the blockade	Building Gaza International Airport	Development of the gas field on the Gaza coast					
Pressure and advocacy to break the siege	Establishing a free trade zone with Egypt	Developing and rehabilitating land crossings					
Building the Gaza seaport							

⇒ Goods Production and Services

Private International	Article (2.6): The steps to be taken by the parties to the present Covenant to achieve the full realization of this right
Covenant	shall include technical and vocational guidance and training programs, policies and techniques to achieve steady
economic, social and	economic, social and cultural development and full and productive employment under conditions safeguarding
cultural rights	fundamental political and economic freedom to the individual.
Global Sustainable Development Goals	Goal (12): Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns.
National goal	Objective (5): Establish stronger foundations for an independent and equitable national economy achieving sustainable development that will provide decent employment opportunities for citizens and improve their

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\Rightarrow Reality of Goods Production and Services

	 Comparative Key Indicators 						
	item/region	Gaza strip (75)(72)(2)	Westbank (75)(72)(2)	West Bank & Gaza (75)(72)(2)	Israeli Occupation (69)(6)	Arab region (76) (6)	World (77)(6)
	Annual per capita GDP in dollars	1,256.8	4,458.3	3,086.8	52,170.7	6,670	12,236.6
	economic growth rate	%5.6+	%3.6+	%3.9+	%2.9+	%2.7+	%2.8+
-	Total value of registered merchandise exports (million dollars)	*13.109	6,134.9	7,466.2	10 ³ *143.92	10 ³ *933.74	10 ⁶ *27.88
Tŀ	ne total value of registered merchandise imports (million dollars)	*965.878	*5,192.224	12,874	10 ³ *124.59	10 ³ *917.04	10 ⁶ *26.75

The main local indicators for the Gaza Strip

UN report "The Gaza Strip's economic losses resulting from a decade of blockade are close to 17 billion US dollars".

Total indicators of the production sector ⁽⁶⁾⁽⁷⁸⁾⁽⁷⁹⁾

no	item	value
1	Contribution of the Gaza Strip's GDP to the Palestinian GDP	17%
2	The number of goods prohibited from entering the occupation under the justification of dual use	65 items
3	The size of the losses in the GDP since the start of the blockade	%° 50
4	The average volume of exports compared to before the blockade	32.13%
5	The ratio of exports to imports	%1.35

Value Added Indicators of Economic Activities 2021 ⁽⁷⁹⁾

	Value in millions of US dollars				
Economic Activities	Gaza	Percentage contribution to total	Westbank	Percentage of contribution	Palestine
	strip	production	westDank	to GDP %	Palestine
Agriculture	287.5	%10.60	650.2	%5.00	937.7
Industry	194.9	%7.20	1,686.40	%13.10	1,881.30
Constructions	128.5	%4.70	571.1	%4.4	699.6
Wholesale and retail trade	376.8	%13.80	2,400.50	%18.60	2,777.30
Transportation and storage	40.2	%7.20	195.4	%13.2	235.6
Information and communication	16.4	%14.10	463.7	%19.2	480.1
Services and other activities	1,494.70	%54.90	4,274.10	%33.20	5,768.80

Selected indicators for production sectors in Palestine 2021⁽²⁾

	Value in thousands of US dollars					
ltem	Number of workers	Compensation of Employees	Production	intermediate consumption	Value Added	
Construction activity	8,370	56,897.80	181,894.90	86,895	95,000.10	
industry activity	116,038	798,241.90	4,989,380.20	2,581,545.50	2,407,834.70	
Transport activity	7,577	42,353.70	119,529.10	36,588	82,941.30	
Communication and information activity	9,472	143,405.50	498,903.00	115,449.80	383,453.20	
Services activity	161,265	693,506.40	2,988,777.70	695,098.40	2,293,679.20	
internal trade	206,685	666,508.20	4,546,940.60	806,288.60	3,740,652.00	
		• (90)				

Industrial Facilities Destroyed by Israeli aggression ⁽⁸⁰⁾

n	• Level of destruction	Aggression 2008	Aggression 2012	Aggression 2014	Aggression 2021	Aggression 2022	Total
1	Destruction		×58	373.			4,277
2	severe partial destruction	^{<} 1,564	٧2	183 [.]	1,346	10	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
3	Partial destruction		^v 206	535·			

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- Quantities of fuel received during the year 2022 for the Gaza Strip (74)

Imported quantities of fuel / liter	Kerem Shalom crossing	Number of trucks	Rafah crossing	Number of trucks	Total / liter	Total number of trucks
petrol	5,206,067	138	30,006,009	535	35212076	673
solar	10,449,700	277	129,872,055	2,200	140321755	2,477
Solar station	145,761,305	3,833	0	0	145761305	3,833
kerosene	114,000	2	0	0	114000	2
gas/kg	29,108,416	1,323	62,800,050	2,914	91908466	4,237
Total		5,573		5,694		11,222

- Table of the ration report for the Gaza Strip ⁽⁷⁴⁾

No	ltern type	Quantity / ton
1	Flour	117,928
2	Sugar	49,088
3	Rice	19,011
4	Vegetable oils Non-Olive Oil	24,297
5	Legumes	282,721
6	Dairy, and Cheese	11,101
7	Red and Frozen Meat	5,903
8	Fresh and Frozen Chickens	12,917
9	Tea / Nescafe / Creamer	630
10	legumes	7,544
11	Eggs	33,128,347

⇒ The most important achievements of the associations and some donor institutions in the field of commodity and service production 2022

Project	number		Project	numbei	Project	numbe
Local product support projects	s 4		Providing raw materials	9	Economic surveys and studies	2
Providing logistic services	131	Provision an	d maintenance of machines, devices, and vehicles	97	Rehabilitation and development of facilities	7
\Rightarrow The most important areas of intervention required in the field of commodity and service production for the year 2022						
Complete reconstruction	on and comp	ensation	Preparing studies to explore investment	opportunities	Green and Sustainable Eco	nomy
Establishing an industrial zone		Small, medium, and large projects		Providing support to startups		
Supporting and protecting the national product and		Establishing central laboratories for the e	Establishing central laboratories for the examination of		e	
increasing its competitiveness		foodstuffs		Economy		

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> Agriculture

The Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights 2030 Global Sustainable Development Goals

Article (4/2): Farmers and their families have the right to work in their land, produce agricultural production, raise livestock, catch, harvest and fish in their territories.

Goal (2): Eliminate hunger, provide improved food security and nutrition, and promote sustainable agriculture

National Goal Objective (5): To establish stronger bases for an independent and equitable national economy and achieve

⇒ Agriculture Reality

-Comparative key indicators

no	item/region	Gaza strip (86)(85)(84)(83)	Westbank (86)(85)(84)	West Bank & Gaza (86)(85)(84)(83)	Israeli occupation (89)(88)(6)
1	Total cultivated area/dunum	186,963	1,022,338	1,209,301	*2,900,000
2	animal holdings	7,631	12,278	19,909	
3	Mixed holdings	3,703	13,813	17,516	
4	Agricultural machinery and equipment	^5,390	^19,100	^24,490	·23,142
5	fish (tons)	4,707	-	4,707	^{<} 21,000
6	Percentage of workers in the agricultural sector	%6	%7	6.7%	%0.92
7	The number of workers in the agricultural sector	15,600	44,000	59,000	
8	average daily wages of farmers	20.9	86.5	54.8	
9	Percentage of agricultural lands that were cut off due to the occupation measures by imposing the buffer zone and bypass roads (dunums)	° 7,300	3002.508	10,302.508	

- Important local indicators (83)(86)

no	ltem					
1		186,963				
2		87,471				
3		Area planted with vegetables/Dunum	84,817			
4		Area planted with field crops/Dunum	14,675			
5		Tractor/(CalfTractor)	12,819			
6		Water tank	1,766			
7	Trailer carrier 749					
8	Automatic milking 306					
9	Honey maker 411					
10	Milk Shaker 234					
12	Productivity of agricultural land (Ton) *493,191					
13	Value of	agricultural production of cultivated land (1000 USD/Km2)	638			
14		Per capita area of permanent cultivated land (m2)	+45.3			
15	Wald and forest area per Dunum 58.33					
Preside	President of the General Federation of the "95% of the fishermen's engines are unfit for use, due to the lack of maintenance materials for the boats the					
	Palestinian Trade Union	occupation has prevented from entering the Gaza Strip."				
	Hunters captain	"95% of fishermen are below the extreme poverty line, and fishermen are considered arr of Palestinian society."	ong the poorest classes			

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Indicators of Self-Sufficiency in Agriculture⁽⁸³⁾

	, ,	
no	ltem	sufficiency
1	vegetables	%96
2	fruits	%45
3	olive	%85
4	White meat	%85
5	Red meat	%12
6	Fresh fish stock	%88

"Fishery Wealth (83) —

no	ltem	value
1	No. of Fishermen	4,253
2	Boat by Type (Launch Trawler)	14
3	Boat by type (Launch Shanshula)	57
4	Boat by type (Hasaka Motor)	861
5	Boat by type (Hasaka with oars and Felucca)	33
6	Total fisheries production in tons	4,707

Livestock (83)

no	ltem	value
1	Number of cows (one)	2,090
2	Number of lamb (one)	62,000
3	Number of goats (one)	8,810
4	Number of broiler chickens (one)	23,000,000
5	Number of laying hens (one)	824,000
6	Number of beehives (hive)	22,000

The Exports in the Agricultural Sector of the Gaza Strip

60,812

312

1,165

Value of agricultural production during the year 2020 (83)

33)		During the year 2020 ⁽⁸³⁾
ltem	Value/ million dollars	ltem
plant producti	on 80	vegetable (tons)
Animal Product	ion 54.1	animal (ton)
Fish stocks	14.5	fish (tons)
nister Of "Th	a agricultural costor called for ranid internet	ation in dealing with the offer

'The agricultural sector called for rapid intervention in dealing with the effects of the depressions and the **Ministry Of** Agriculture occupation opened the dam channels, which caused farmers huge losses estimated at millions of dollars".

_

⇒ The most important achievements of the associations and some donor institutions in the field of agriculture in 2022

Project	number	Project	number	Project	numbe	
Rehabilitation and maintenance of	3	Rehabilitation of infrastructure	10	Provision of Animal Units	16	
greenhouses	5	and irrigation networks	10	and Animals	10	
Agricultural machinery and	6	Rehabilitation of fishermen's	10	Smart nurseries and	6	
equipment	0	boats	10	greenhouses	0	
Providing agricultural seedlings and	19	Reclamation of agricultural lands	5	Establishment of	5	
fertilizers	19	Reclamation of agricultural lands	5	agricultural water ponds		
Building and rehabilitating	1	Providing agricultural inputs	8	Agricultural training	2	
headquarters for fishermen		rovidnigagriculturar inputs	0	program	2	
Hunters' equipment	4	Agricultural projects	9	Agricultural research and	3	
runters equipment	7	Agricultural projects	5	studies	3	

⇒ The most important areas of intervention required in the field of agriculture for the year 2022.

Guidance, research, and agricultural schools	Land reclamation and rehabilitation of agricultural roads	Smart nurseries and greenhouses
.Complete the restoration of agricultural infrastructure	Agricultural machinery and equipment at promotional	Provision of agricultural medicines and fertilizers
Restore the economy of animal production.	Rehabilitation of Fishing Equipment	Development of Fishermen's Port
Establishment of agricultural research centers	Biological Pest Control	Organic fertilizer industry

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The Humanitarian Situation Report of the Gaza Strip Reality ... Achievements ... Needs

als

Technology \geq

Human Rights Council Office of	Article (19): States should promote public awareness of the uses of new communication technologies to support individual
the High Commissioner	in the proper assessment, management, mitigation, and informed decision-making of risks related to communications.
Global Sustainable Development Goals	Goal (9): Build resilient infrastructure, stimulate inclusive and sustainable industrialization, and encourage innovation.
national goal	Objective (7.3.6): Develop information technology to improve the e-government development process.

Objective (7.3.6): Develop information technology to improve the e-government development process.

⇒ Technology Reality

- Comparative key Indicators

						world (108)
Percentage of households that have a computer	%23.5	%39.6	%33.8	^{<} %76.9	*%51.9	*%49.7
Percentage of individuals (10 years and over) who use a computer	*%27.8	*%24.8	* %26	*%72.5		
Percentage of households that have internet service	%91.1	%92.3	%91.9	*%78.9	*%57.1	*%57
Percentage of individuals (10 years and over) who use the Internet	%83.1	%91.4	%88.1	*%83.7	*%51.6	*%54
Individuals (10 years and over) who use social networking sites	*%79.40	% [*] 90	*%86.2			
Percentage of households that have a mobile phone line (mobile)	%68.7	%85.9	%79.1	*%97.9		
Percentage of households that own a smartphone	%57.3	%82.6	%72.7			
Households that have a fixed telephone line	*%17	%39.30	%31.20	*%95		
Families that own a TV	*%50.50	%96.50	%90.7	*%93		
Families with children (10-17) who are enrolled in education and have a computer	⁺ %36	+%50	+%44			
Media office of the government in the The losses of the technolog	gy sector	in the Gaz	a Strip due to	the May 2021 a	ggression v	vere

^8,715

^5,162

^4,533

^3,510

^1,023

^2,492

^566

^61.4

^24.6

estimated at \$7.5 million. Gaza Strip

_	Research and Development Progress Index in the Gaza	
	Strip 2013 ⁽⁹¹⁾	

Number of research and development workers

Number of research and development workers in full-time equivalents

Number of research and development researchers

Number of male researchers in research and development

Number of female researchers in research and development

Number of research and development researchers in full-time equivalents

Number of research and development researchers with full-time equivalents per

million people Research and development expenditures (US\$1 million)

Research and development expenditure per researcher in full-time equivalent (US

\$1,000)

- Institutional use of technology index in Palestine 2011⁽⁹¹⁾

	07		
ltem	Gaza	Westbank	palestine
Total establishments that use computers	% 40.8	-%49.6	-%47
Total establishments that use the Internet	-%34	-%41.3	-%39.2
Percentage of establishments that carried out commercial transactions electronically, out of the total establishments	-%12	-%10.8	-%11.2
Total establishments that have a website	-%3.7	-%5.2	-%4.8
The number of computers in the establishments per 100 workers	-%25	-%21.5	-%22.3
The number of workers who use a computer for every 100 workers	-%31.7	-%52.6	% 47.9
The number of workers using the Internet per 100 workers	-%25	-%48	-%42.9
The number of workers specialized in			
information and communication technology per 100 workers	-%5.6	-%5.1	-%5.2
-			

⇒ The most important achievements of the associations and some donor institutions in the field of technology 2022

Project	number	Project	numbe
Providing Computers and Technical Teaching Aids	21	Providing computers and technical assistance to humanitarian organizations	9
Support for e-government projects	3	Development and scientific research	1
The development of computerized systems	27	Technology Awareness	4

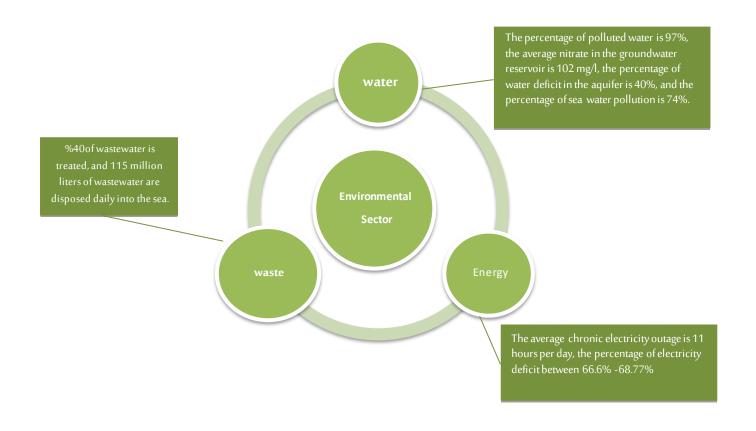
\Rightarrow The most important areas of intervention required in the field of technology for the year 2022

Investing in technology to create job opportunities	Supporting e-government projects	Develop standard systems and monitor their operation
Linking scientific research with national development priorities	Increased access to technology	Promoting scientific research in the field of communications and information technolog
Database development	Technical training	Promoting the safe use of communications and information technology

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Environmental Sector



The effects of climate change add challenges to the fragile Gaza Strip.

President of the National Institute of the Environment

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> Water

Protocol on water and health to	States Parties sh
the 1992 Convention on Europe	protect water re
Global Sustainable	Goal (6): Ensure
Development Goals	
national goal	Objective (3.8):
	for citizana and

hall take appropriate measures to provide access to drinking water and sanitation and to esources used as sources of drinking water from pollution.

e the availability of water and sanitation services for all.

A more organized Palestinian water and sanitation sector capable of securing water rights for citizens, and achieving equitable distribution of all uses.

Water Reality

— **Comparative key indicators**

Local indicators of the water field for the Gaza Strip for the year 2022 _

ltem	Gaza strip ⁽⁹³⁾⁽⁹²⁾⁽⁴⁴⁾⁽²⁾	Israeli occupation ^{(109) (97)(96)(95)(94)}
Per capita daily allowance (liter/person/day)	90	<704.11
Water pollution rate	%97	° %30
Sea water pollution rate	%74	%33.3
Beach pollution rate	%18	
Average Chloride (mg/L)	772	256-223
Average Nitrate in Groundwater Aquifer (mg/L)	102	45
Average efficiency of water network distribution	%60	
Number of licensed water wells	4,500	^{<} 1,000
The wells are still destroyed	≤534	
Water loss (million m3)	42.8	`53.33

Means of household disposal of wastewater(44)

Water use (million m3/year)(92)

no	item	percentage	item	Numb
1	Sewage Network	%67	Domestic water use	
2	Absorbent hole	%33	Agricultural water use	
-	Absorbent note	7033	Use of water for other purpo	oses
			Total	

—

	Water Authority and Environmer	The coastal aquifer, the only one in the Gaza Strip, has been seriously depleted due to excessive pumping.
Quality		
	Research Division of the	The lack of electricity and water quality in the Gaza Strip and the failure to address the sewage problem in light of
	Climate Change and National	the large increase in population numbers will accelerate the passage of bacteria and diseases among the
	Security Program	Palestinians.

⇒ The most important achievements of the associations and some donor institutions in the field of water 2022

r treatment unit	
	2
energy for desalination plants	1
er quality	4
aintenance of wells 2	20
ntal awareness 1	11

desalination plants	Water carrier line betw	een north and south	Rainwater harvesting and groundwater recharge		Environmental awareness
Seawater desalination	Wastewater treatment plants		Construction of a water ta	nk Prepa	ring hydrological studies
Design and implement training programs for Applica		Application of	Rehabilitation and	Establishing and dev	veloping the basic infrastructure for
workers in the water sector		quality standards	development of wells	water an	d wastewater networks

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Energy

Office of the High	Permanent sovereignty over natural resources: The right of peoples and nations to permanent sovereignty over
Commissioner for Human	their wealth and natural resources should be exercised in accordance with the interest of their national
Rights	development and the welfare of the people of the concerned country.
Global Sustainable Development Goals	Goal (7): Ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and sustainable energy services.
National goal	Objective (2.8): Energy secured to the consumer in sufficient quantities at reasonable prices and with technical and environmental specifications that meet international standards.

⇔ **Energy Reality**

– Co	Comparative Key Indicators					
No	Average Family Consumption of Energy	Gaza st (100) (99)(98		Westbank & Gaza st (101)(100) (99)(98) (43)	Israeli occupat (110) (104) (103) (10	
1	Percentage of the population connected to the public electricity network	%99.8	%99.80	%99.80	%100	
2	Electricity (kWh)	802	`328	`306	[^] 21,909.73	
3	LPG (kg)	`14	`26	`22	33.3	
4	kerosene (liter)	`12	`28	`21	[′] 335.19	
5	petrol (l)	`42	`115	`95	['] 458	
6	Solar (liters)	`69	`160	`149	[′] 363	
7	Households that have a solar water heater	`%43.8	`63.1%	`56.5%	`90%	

Available Quantities of oil during the year 2021 (74) (105)

(105)				
ltem / Liter	Quantities Received	Total Need	Shortage	Covering
petrol	35,212,076	'78,445,113	-43,233,037	%44.89
solar	140,321,755	'156,890,226	-16,568,471	%89.44
kerosene	114000	'1,307,419	-1,193,419	%8.72
gas / ton	91,908	91,250	658	%100.72
Industrial diesel	145,761,305	'199,371,744	-53,610,439	%73.110

10

Electricity Requirement (MWh)⁽⁴³⁾

33

Providing electric generators and fuel tanks

Environmental awareness about alternative energy

Local Indicators for the Gaza Strip

proje	ect	number		proiect	number project	number
The most important achievements of the associations and some donor institutions in the field of energy 2021						
National Security Program in Israel increase in population numbers will accelerate the passage of bacteria and diseases among the Palestinians.						
	of the Climate Chang	,	k of electricity:	and water qu	ality in the Gaza Strip and the failure to address the sewage problem in light of the	large
Palestinian Electricity	Palestinian Electricity Sector Regulatory Council 88% of Palestinian families in the Gaza Strip suffer from daily power outages.					
Total annual imported gas (tons)(73)78,07				78,070		
Annual gas need (tons) ⁽¹¹¹⁾ 91,9			91,908			
					Average monthly fuel deficit for the power station (million liters) $^{\left(43 ight) }$	6.11
Industrial diesel	145,761,305	'199,371,744	-53,610,439	%73.110	Average total fuel imported per month for the power station (million liters) $^{ m (43)}$	11.89
gas / ton	91,908	91,250	658	%100.72	Average Monthly Fuel Requirement for Gaza Power Plant (Million Liters)	⁽⁴³⁾ 18
kerosene	114000	'1,307,419	-1,193,419	%8.72	Electricity Deficit Percentage (MWh) ⁽⁴³⁾ %68.76	5-%66.66
solar	140,321,755	'156,890,226	-16,568,471	%89.44	Electric Power Deficit (MWh) (43)	500-300
petrol	35,212,076	'78,445,113	-43,233,037	%44.89	Average Available Electrical Energy (MWh) ⁽⁴³⁾	203-150

4 26 \Rightarrow The Most Important Areas of intervention required in the field of energy.

Solar energy projects

Provision of fuel for theelectric generators

Development of the gas field on the Gaza coast	Rehabilitation and development of the power station	Rehabilitation of the electricity network
Gas line to operate the generating station	Connection with the occupation at 161 kV. F	Linking the Eight with the Egyptian side of 220 kV
Production of alternative energy sources	alternative energy projects	Advocacy and advocacy to solve the electricity crisis
Providing energy for farmers and small business owners	Providing home subscriptions for people with limited income	Building fuel tanks for power stations
Rehabilitation of the western substation and restarting it on the 220 kV system	Providing electricity generators	Secure lighting
Solar energy for hospitals and vital facilities	Completing the remote control and monitoring system for the distribution network	Rehabilitation of the existing distribution networ

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Secure Lighting

Rehabilitation of the electricity grid

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≻ Waste

United Nations Conference on the Environment in 1979	Article (1): A person has a basic right to decent living conditions, within a good-quality environment that allows him to live a decent and luxurious life. Humans have a sacred responsibility to protect and improve the environment for the benefit of present and future generations.
Global Sustainable	Target (3.6): Eliminate and minimize the dumping of hazardous waste and chemicals, halve the proportion of untreated
Development Goals	sewage, and significantly increase recycling and safe reuse globally.
National goal	Objective (4.8): A less polluted Palestinian environment, cultural heritage and natural environment that are preserved and

⇒ Reality of waste

-Comparative	Key Indicators	
--------------	-----------------------	--

Gaza Strip ⁽⁴⁴⁾	^{(112) (96)(94)(89)} Israeli occupation			
+30,000	^{<} 1,757,888.12			
+100,000				
+100,000				
+ 400	^{<} 14,794.52			
No monitoring of security condi	tions			
No monitoring of security condi	tions			
very high	ton° 7.5-6			
%40	93%			
	*30,000 *100,000 *100,000 *100,000 * 400 No monitoring of security condit No monitoring of security condit very high			

Joint Service Council for Waste Management The Gaza Strip produces 1,800 tons of solid waste per day.

Important local indicators

 Method of dealing with solid waste immediately after collection and treatment⁽⁴⁴⁾

– Solid waste collection point for households $^{\rm (44)}$

no	ltem	no	percentage	no	ltem	percentage
1	Random disposal by local authorities	400 tons/day	%19.51	1	Local authority (including solid waste councils)	%85
2	Random disposal by individuals	50 tons/day	%2.44	2	There is no waste collection service	%5
3	Landfilling in approved sanitary landfills	1,600 tons/day	%78.05	3	UNRWA	%10

⇒ The most important achievements of the associations and some donor institutions in the field of waste in 2021

Project	numbe	ı Project	numbe	Project	numbe
Waste treatment plants	4	Provision and maintenance of garbage 4 containers		Environmental rehabilitation of polluted	15
				areas	
Providing cleaning service	s 23	Provision of machinery and equipment for solid waste		Waste recycling	
					_

⇒ The Most important areas of intervention required in the field of waste disposal.

Improving Liquid, Solid and Hazardous Waste Systems	Solid Waste Recycling	Wastewater Treatment Plants
Reducing Population Exposure to Insects	Waste Containers and Bins	Biological Control of Pests
Production of Methane Gas from Solid Waste	Rehabilitation of Gaza Valley	Awareness and Environmental Education

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